

# Adaptive 100/120Hz Current Ripple Remover Max Input Current ≤ 60mA

#### **Features**

- Regulator for adaptive 100/120Hz current ripple remove
- Built-in zener diode for input voltage clamping
- Built-in 100V power MOSFET
- Programmable amplitude LED current ripple
- Programmable maximum cathode voltage of LFD
- Programmable maximum LED current
- Optimized for TRIAC dimming, 1% brightness without flicker
- The current ripple is less than  $\pm 1\%$
- SOT23-3, SOT89-3 and SOT223 packages

#### **Descriptions**

DIO8242B is a regulator for driving internal NMOSFET to remove the 100/120Hz LED string current ripple on AC/DC power.

Patented control strategies are optimized for remover current ripple. Nover circuit design makes a lower BOM and high cost-effective for flickerless filament.

#### **Applications**

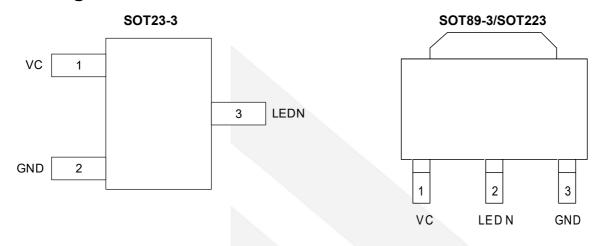
LED lighting

#### **Ordering Information**

Order Part Number	Top Marking		T <sub>A</sub>	Package	
DIO8242BST3	1017	Green	-40 to 125°C	SOT23-3	Tape & Reel,3000
DIO8242BTC3	1017	Green	-40 to 125°C	SOT89-3	Tape & Reel,2500
DIO8242BTD3	1017	Green	-40 to 125°C	SOT223	Tape & Reel,2500



## Pin Assignment



**Figure 1 Top View** 

## **Pin Descriptions**

Name	Description		
GND	Power Ground		
VC	LED Current Ripple Programming		
LEDN	Connect to the Cathode of LED string		



## **Absolute Maximum Ratings**

Stresses beyond those listed under "Absolute Maximum Rating" may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only and functional operation of the device at these or any other condition beyond those indicated in the operational sections of the specifications is not implied. Exposure to absolute maxim rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

Parameter		Rating	Unit		
LEDN			100	V	
vc			-0.3 to 6	V	
Junction Temperature			150	°C	
Lead Temperature			260	°C	
Storage Temperature			-65 to 150	°C	
Thermal Resistance / θ <sub>JA</sub>	SOT23-3		220	°C/W	
	SOT89-3		80		
	SOT223		50		
Thermal Resistance / θ <sub>JC</sub>	SOT23-3		130		
	SOT89-3		25	°C/W	
	SOT223		20		

#### **Recommend Operating Conditions**

The Recommended Operating Conditions table defines the conditions for actual device operation. Recommended Operating conditions are specified to ensure optimal performance to the datasheet specifications. DIOO does not Recommend exceeding them or designing to Absolute Maximum Ratings.

Parameter		Rating	Unit	
LEDN		< 100	V	
Junction Temperature (T <sub>J</sub> )		125	°C	
Under point VLEDN		0.8~1.2	V	
	SOT23-3	< 250		
Power consumption	SOT89-3	< 650	mW	
	SOT223	< 800		



#### **Electrical Characteristics**

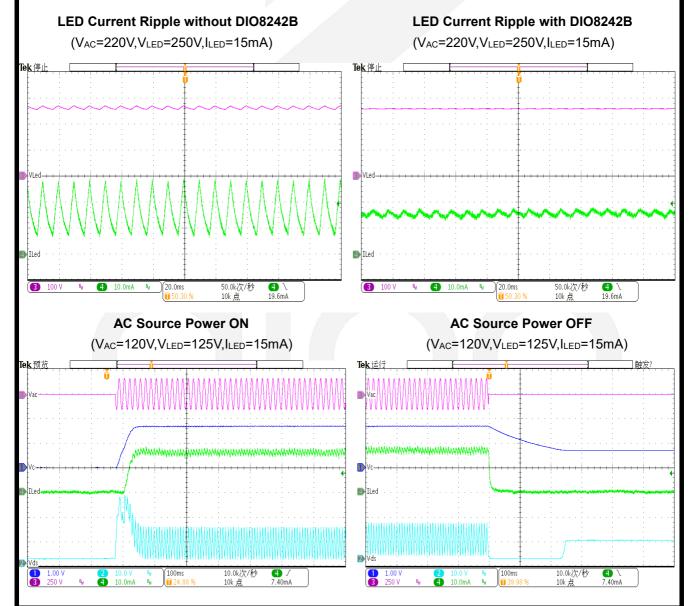
Typical value: Vcc=3.6V, T<sub>A</sub> = 25°C, unless otherwise specified.

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
I <sub>ST</sub>	Start-up Current				1	uA
$V_{REF}$	LEDN Compare Voltage			12		V
I <sub>CLMT</sub>	LED Current Limit				60	mA
R <sub>DSON</sub>	MOS Rdson			16		Ω
BV	Breakdown Voltage		100			V

Specifications subject to change without notice.

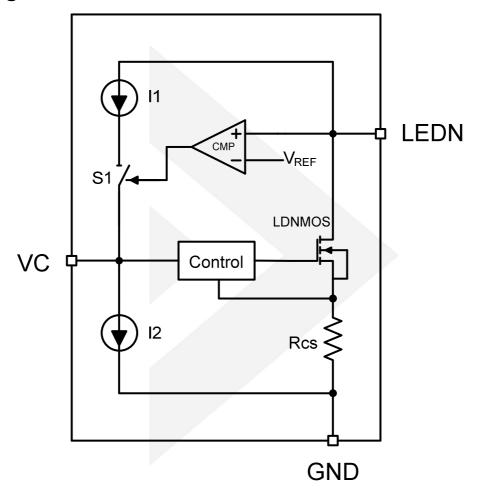
#### **Typical Performance Characteristics**

C<sub>VC</sub>=1μF, C<sub>EC</sub>=8.2μF, unless otherwise specified.





## **Block Diagram**



## **Function Description**

DIO8242B is designed for driving one LED string and removing the 100/120Hz LED current ripple.

#### **Theory of Operation**

The LED string and DIO8242B are both supplied by an AC/DC current source. The drain of internal NMOSFET is connected to the cathode of LED string. A sensing resistor Rcs is connected between the source of NMOSFET and GND. DIO8242B drives NMOSFET to transfer the LED current ripple to voltage ripple on NMOSFET, and ensures the constant voltage across LED string and the constant current flow through LED string. The scalable adaptive function of DIO8242B can regulate the cathode voltage of LED string to minimum to improve the efficiency of the system.

#### **Current Ripple Removing**

The capacitor C<sub>C</sub> between VC and GND is an integral capacitor. DIO8242B transform the voltage on Cc to a reference voltage. The current regulator regulates LED current via negative feedback control.

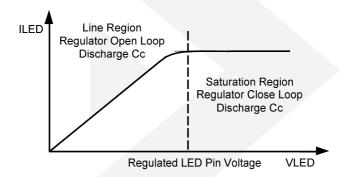
C<sub>C</sub> should be large enough in order to remove the current ripple of the LED string. However, too large capacitor may slow down the dynamic response.



#### **Adaptive Regulation**

DIO8242B controls the voltage on  $C_C$  by monitoring the operation state of built-in N-MOSFET. The efficiency of system is relatively low when N-MOSFET always works in the saturation region. DIO8242B detects it and charges  $C_C$  to raise the  $V_{VC}$  and  $I_{LED}$ , then the output voltage of power supply is reduced, and the voltage drop on N-MOSFET decreases.

Conversely, when N-MOSFET is working in the linear region, LED current regulation loop is open. DIO8242B detects it and discharges  $C_C$  to reduce the  $V_{VC}$  and  $I_{LED}$ , then the output voltage of power supply is raised, and the LED current regulation loop is closed.

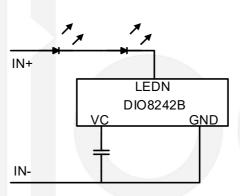


#### **PCB Design Guideline**

- 1. DIO8242B should be placed far away from the power devices for better thermal performance.
- 2. The area of LED current loop should be as small as possible.

### **Application Information**

DIO8242B design guide:



1. The value of the capacitor between VC and GND can determine the final amplitude of the current ripple. It should be large enough in order to remove the current ripple of the LED string. However, too large capacitor may low down the dynamic response.



#### **CONTACT US**

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