

## DIO6095

# Synchronous Boost Converter with Ultra-Low Quiescent Current

## Features

- Operating Input Voltage Range: 0.9V to 5.5V
- Output Voltage : 5V
- Ultra-Low Quiescent Current (V<sub>OUT</sub> Pin): 600nA
- Ultra-Low Quiescent Current (V<sub>IN</sub> Pin): 400nA
- Switch Peak Current Limit
- Regulated Output Voltage in Down Mode
- True Disconnection During Shutdown
- Up to 93% Efficiency from 10mA to 300mA Load
- Package: DFN2\*2-6, WLCSP-6

## Applications

- Portable Products
- Battery Powered Systems
- Low Power Wireless Applications
- Wearable Applications
- Memory LCD Bias
- Optical Heart Rate Monitor LED Bias

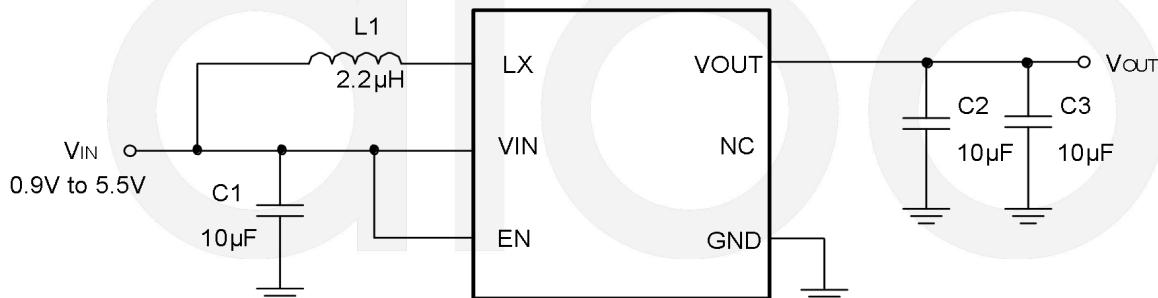
## Typical Application

## Descriptions

DIO6095 is a synchronous boost converter with 1 $\mu$ A ultra-low quiescent current. It can operate efficiently under light load conditions, which is essential to prolong the service life of batteries.

DIO6095 boost converter adopts hysteresis control topology, which can achieve the highest efficiency with the lowest quiescent current. The device consumes only 1 $\mu$ A quiescent current under light load.

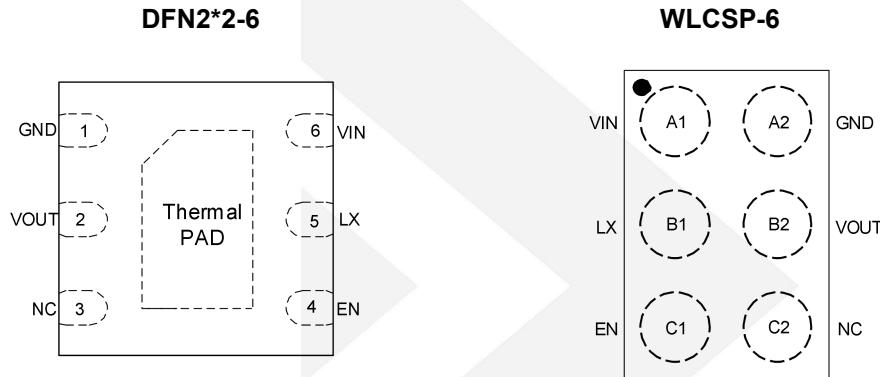
DIO6095 can disconnect the load from the input power supply when it is disabled, thus realizing the real shutdown, thus reducing the current consumption. The device is packaged in DFN2\*2-6 and WLCSP-6.



## Ordering Information

Order Part Number	Top Marking		T <sub>A</sub>	Package	
DIO6095DN6	DFV5	Green	-40 to 85°C	DFN2*2-6	Tape & Reel, 3000
DIO6095WL6	DFV5	Green	-40 to 85°C	WLCSP-6	Tape & Reel, 3000

## Pin Assignment



**Figure 1 Top View**

## Pin Descriptions

Pin Name	Description
GND	Ground.
VOUT	Boost converter output.
NC	No Connect. Floating or connect to GND.
EN	Enable logic input. Logic high voltage enables the device; logic low voltage disables the device. Do not leave it floating.
LX	Switch pin of the converter. It is connected to the inductor.
VIN	IC power supply input.
Thermal PAD	Not connected internally. Can be connected to GND.

## Absolute Maximum Ratings

Stresses beyond those listed under "Absolute Maximum Rating" may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only and functional operation of the device at these or any other condition beyond those indicated in the operational sections of the specifications is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

Symbol	Parameter		Rating	Unit
	Voltage range at terminals <sup>(1)</sup> (VIN, VOUT, EN)		-0.3 to 6.0	V
	Voltage range at LX	Pulsed<10ns	-3.0 to 9.0	V
		DC	-0.3 to 6.0	
T <sub>J</sub>	Operating junction temperature		-40 to 150	°C
T <sub>STG</sub>	Storage Temperature		-65 to 150	°C
ESD	Human Body Model (HBM)		±2000	V
	Charged Device Model (CDM)		±500	V

Note: 1. All voltage values are with respect to network ground terminal.

## Recommend Operating Conditions

The Recommended Operating Conditions table defines the conditions for actual device operation. Recommended Operating conditions are specified to ensure optimal performance to the datasheet specifications.

Symbol	Parameter	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
V <sub>IN</sub>	Input voltage range	0.9		5.5	V
V <sub>OUT</sub>	Output voltage range	4.9	5.0	5.1	V
L	Inductor	0.7	2.2	2.86	µH
C <sub>IN</sub>	Input capacitor	1.0	10		µF
C <sub>OUT</sub>	Output capacitor	10	20	100	µF
T <sub>J</sub>	Operating virtual junction temperature	-40		125	°C



DIO6095

## Electrical Characteristics

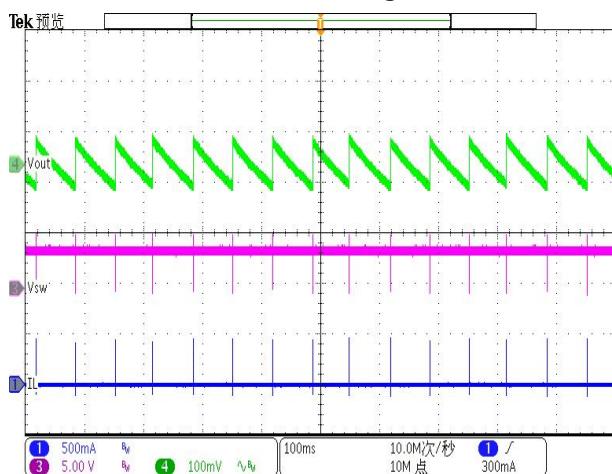
$T_J = -40^\circ\text{C}$  to  $125^\circ\text{C}$  and  $V_{IN} = 0.9\text{V}$  to  $5.5\text{V}$ . Typical values are at  $V_{IN} = 3.7\text{V}$ ,  $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$ , unless otherwise noted.

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
<b>Power Supply</b>						
$V_{IN}$	Input voltage range		0.9		5.5	V
$V_{UVLO}$	Input under voltage lockout threshold	$V_{IN}$ rising		0.75	0.9	V
	UVLO hysteresis			200		mV
$I_Q$	Quiescent current into $V_{IN}$ pin	IC enabled, no Load, no Switching $T_J = -40^\circ\text{C}$ to $85^\circ\text{C}$		0.4	1.1	$\mu\text{A}$
	Quiescent current into $V_{OUT}$ pin	IC enabled, no Load, no Switching, Boost or Down Mode $T_J = -40^\circ\text{C}$ to $85^\circ\text{C}$		0.6	1.5	$\mu\text{A}$
$I_{SD}$	Shutdown current into $V_{IN}$ pin	IC disabled, $V_{IN} = 3.7\text{V}$ , $T_J = -40^\circ\text{C}$ to $85^\circ\text{C}$		0.5	1.6	$\mu\text{A}$
$I_{No\_Load}$	Quiescent current from Supply	IC enabled, no Load, Switching, $T_J = -40^\circ\text{C}$ to $85^\circ\text{C}$		2.5	10	$\mu\text{A}$
<b>Output</b>						
$V_{OUT}$	Output voltage range		4.9	5.0	5.1	V
$V_{OVP}$	Output overvoltage protection threshold	$V_{OUT}$ rising	5.6	5.8	6.0	V
	OVP hysteresis			100	200	mV
<b>Power Switch</b>						
$R_{DS(on)}_{LS}$	Low side switch on resistance	$V_{OUT} = 5.0\text{V}$		250		$\text{m}\Omega$
$R_{DS(on)}_{HS}$	Rectifier on resistance	$V_{OUT} = 5.0\text{V}$		300	350	$\text{m}\Omega$
$F_{LX}$	Operation frequency			1		MHz
$I_{LIM}$	Current limit threshold	$V_{OUT} = 5\text{V}$ , boost operation		0.9		A
$I_{LX\_LKG}$	Leakage current into LX pin (from LX pin to GND)	$V_{LX} = 5.0\text{V}$ , no switch, $T_J = -40^\circ\text{C}$ to $85^\circ\text{C}$			200	nA
<b>Control logic</b>						
$V_{IL}$	EN input low voltage threshold	$V_{IN} \leq 1.5\text{V}$	$0.2 \times V_{IN}$			V
$V_{IH}$	EN input high voltage threshold	$V_{IN} \leq 1.5\text{V}$			$0.8 \times V_{IN}$	V
$V_{IL}$	EN input low voltage threshold	$V_{IN} > 1.5\text{V}$	0.4			V
$V_{IH}$	EN input high voltage threshold	$V_{IN} > 1.5\text{V}$			1.2	V
$I_{EN\_LKG}$	Leakage current into EN pin	$V_{EN} = 5.0\text{V}$			50	nA
	Over temperature protection			150		°C
	Over temperature hysteresis			25		°C

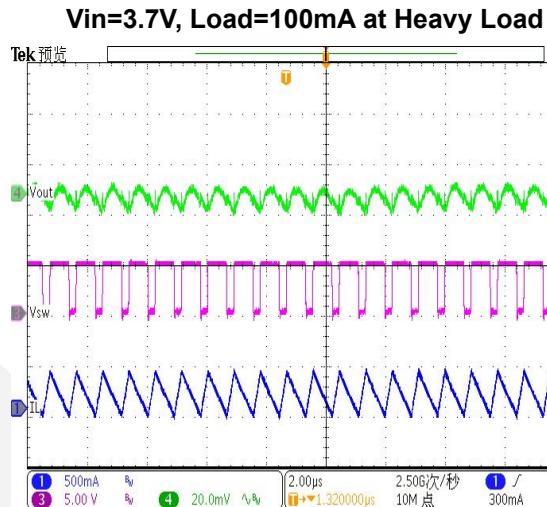
Synchronous Boost Converter with Ultra-Low Quiescent Current

## Typical Characteristics

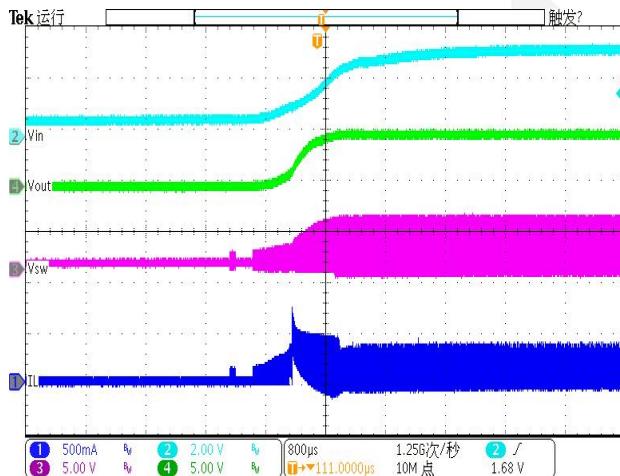
V<sub>in</sub>=3.7V, No Load at Light Load



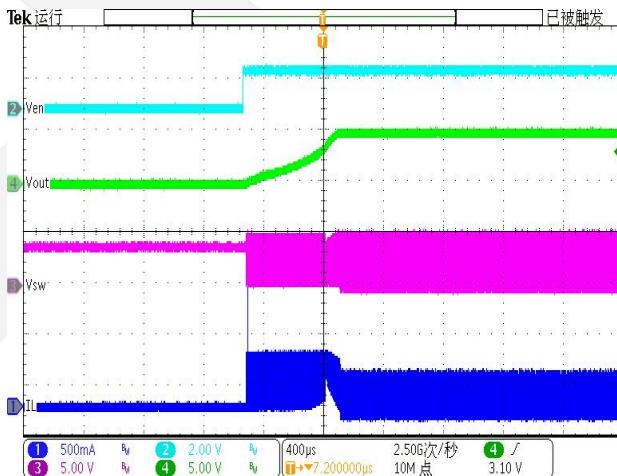
V<sub>in</sub>=3.7V, Load=100mA at Heavy Load



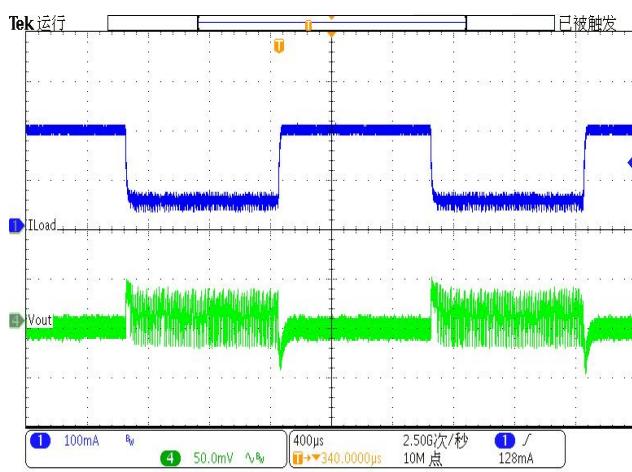
V<sub>in</sub>=3.7V, Load=50mA start up by Vin



V<sub>in</sub>=3.7V, Load=50mA start up by En

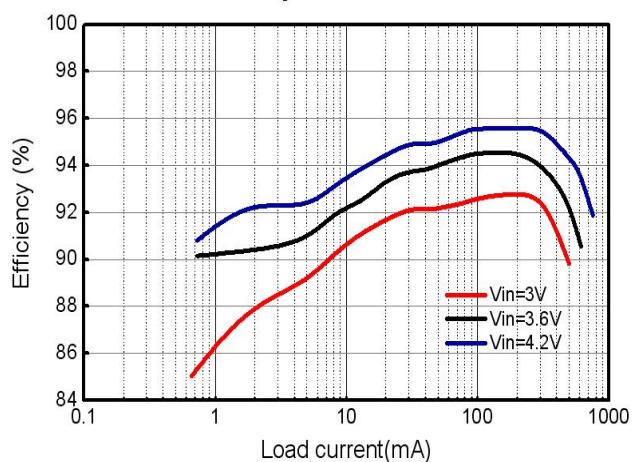


V<sub>in</sub>=3.7V, V<sub>out</sub>=5V, Load=50mA to 200mA

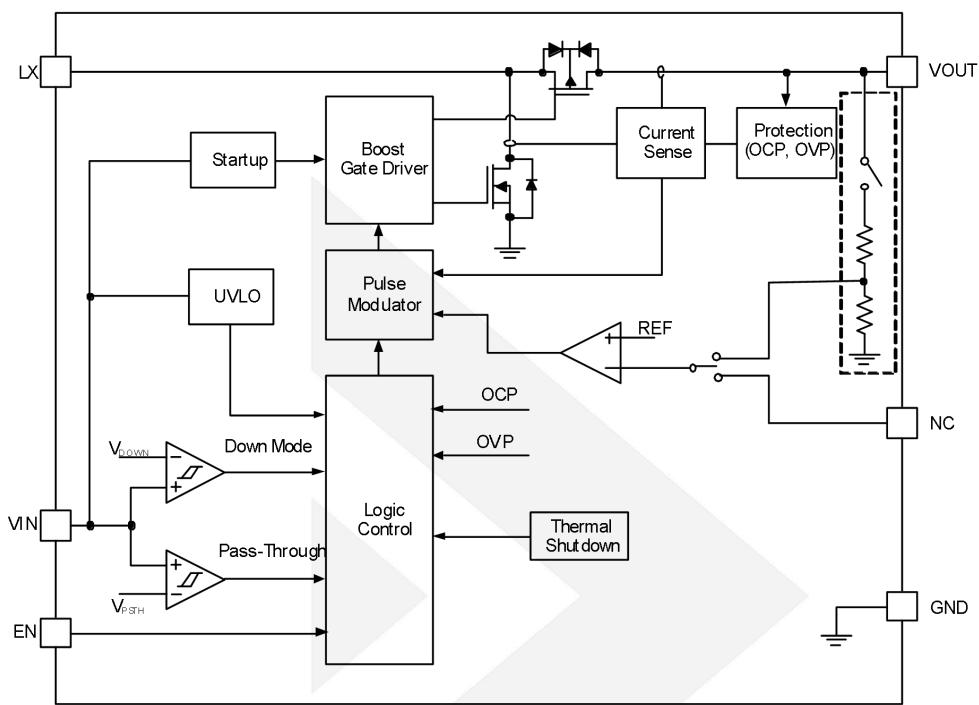


V<sub>in</sub>=3V/3.6/4.2V, V<sub>out</sub>=5V

Efficiency vs. Load Current



## Block Diagram



## Detailed Description

### Overview

The DIO6095 synchronous step-up converter is designed for alkaline battery, coin-cell battery, Li-ion or Li-polymer battery powered systems, which requires long battery running time and tiny solution size. The DIO6095 can operate with a wide input voltage from 0.9V to 5.5V. It only consumes 1 $\mu$ A quiescent current and can achieve high efficiency under light load condition.

The DIO6095 operates in a hysteretic control scheme with typical 1A peak switch current limit. The DIO6095 provides the true shutdown function and the load is completely disconnected from the input so as to minimize the leakage current. It also adopts Down Mode and Pass-Through operation when input voltage is close to or higher than the regulated output voltage.

## Feature Description

### Boost Controller Operation

The DIO6095 boost converter is controlled by a Constant Off Time (COT) controller. This controller regulates the output voltage by keeping the off time constant according to input an output voltage, and adjusting the peak inductor current depending on the output load. Since COT is a PFM control mode, the switching frequency is not fixed and is determined by the operation condition. If the required current is lower than the minimum CCM inductor current, the inductor current goes discontinuously to keep the efficiency high under light load condition.

To achieve high efficiency, the power stage is realized as a synchronous boost topology. To regulate the output voltage, the voltage error amplifier compares this feedback voltage to the internal voltage reference and adjusts the required offset of the inductor current accordingly.

### Under-Voltage Lockout

An under-voltage lockout (UVLO) circuit stops the operation of the converter when the input voltage drops below the typical UVLO threshold of 0.5V. A hysteresis of 200mV is added so that the device cannot be enabled again until the input voltage goes up to 0.75V. This function is implemented in order to prevent malfunctioning of the device when the input voltage is between 0.5V and 0.75V.

### Enable and Disable

When the input voltage is above UVLO rising threshold and the EN pin is pulled to high voltage, the DIO6095 is enabled. When the EN pin is pulled to low voltage, the DIO6095 goes into shutdown mode. In shutdown mode, the device stops switching and the rectifying PMOS fully turns off, providing the completed disconnection between input and output. Less than 0.5 $\mu$ A input current is consumed in shutdown mode.

### Soft Start

After the EN pin is tied to high voltage, the DIO6095 begins to startup. At the beginning, if input voltage is lower than approximately 1.6V, the device operates at the boundary of Discontinuous Conduction Mode (DCM) and Continuous Conduction Mode (CCM), and the inductor peak current is limited to around 200mA during this stage. If input voltage is higher than approximately 1.6V, the device starts the Constant Off Time (COT) Mode directly. The current limit threshold in cot mode is  $0.7 \times I_{LIM}$  within 500 $\mu$ s. In this way, the soft start function reduces the inrush current during startup.

### Current Limit Operation

The DIO6095 employs cycle-by-cycle over-current protection (OCP) function. If the inductor peak current reaches the current limit threshold  $I_{LIM}$ , the main switch turns off so as to stop further increase of the input current. If the output drops below the input voltage, the DIO6095 enters into Down Mode. The peak current is still limited by  $I_{LIM}$  cycle-by-cycle in Down Mode.

### Down Mode Regulation and Pass-Through Operation

The DIO6095 features Down Mode and Pass-Through operation when input voltage is close to or higher than output voltage.

In the Down Mode, output voltage is regulated at target value even when  $V_{IN} > V_{OUT}$ . The control circuit changes the behavior of the rectifying PMOS by pulling its gate to input voltage instead of to ground. In this way, the voltage drop across the PMOS is increasing as high as to regulate the output voltage. The power loss also increases in this mode, which needs to be taken into account for thermal consideration.

In the Pass-Through operation, the boost converter stops switching. The rectifying PMOS constantly turns on and low side switch constantly turns off. The output voltage is the input voltage minus the voltage drop across the dc resistance (DCR) of the inductor and the on-resistance of the rectifying PMOS.

With  $V_{IN}$  ramping up, the DIO6095 goes into Down Mode first when  $V_{IN} > V_{OUT} - 50mV$ . It stays in Down Mode until  $V_{IN} > V_{OUT} + 0.5V$  and then goes automatically into Pass-Through operation. The DIO6095 exits Pass-Through Mode and goes back to Down Mode when  $V_{IN}$  ramps down to 103% of the target output voltage. It stays in Down Mode until input voltage falls 100mV below the output voltage, returning to Boost operation.

### Thermal Shutdown

The DIO6095 has a built-in temperature sensor which monitors the internal junction temperature in boost mode operation. If the junction temperature exceeds the threshold 150°C, the device stops operating. As soon as the junction temperature drops below the shutdown temperature minus the hysteresis, typically 125°C, it starts operating again.

## Device Functional Modes

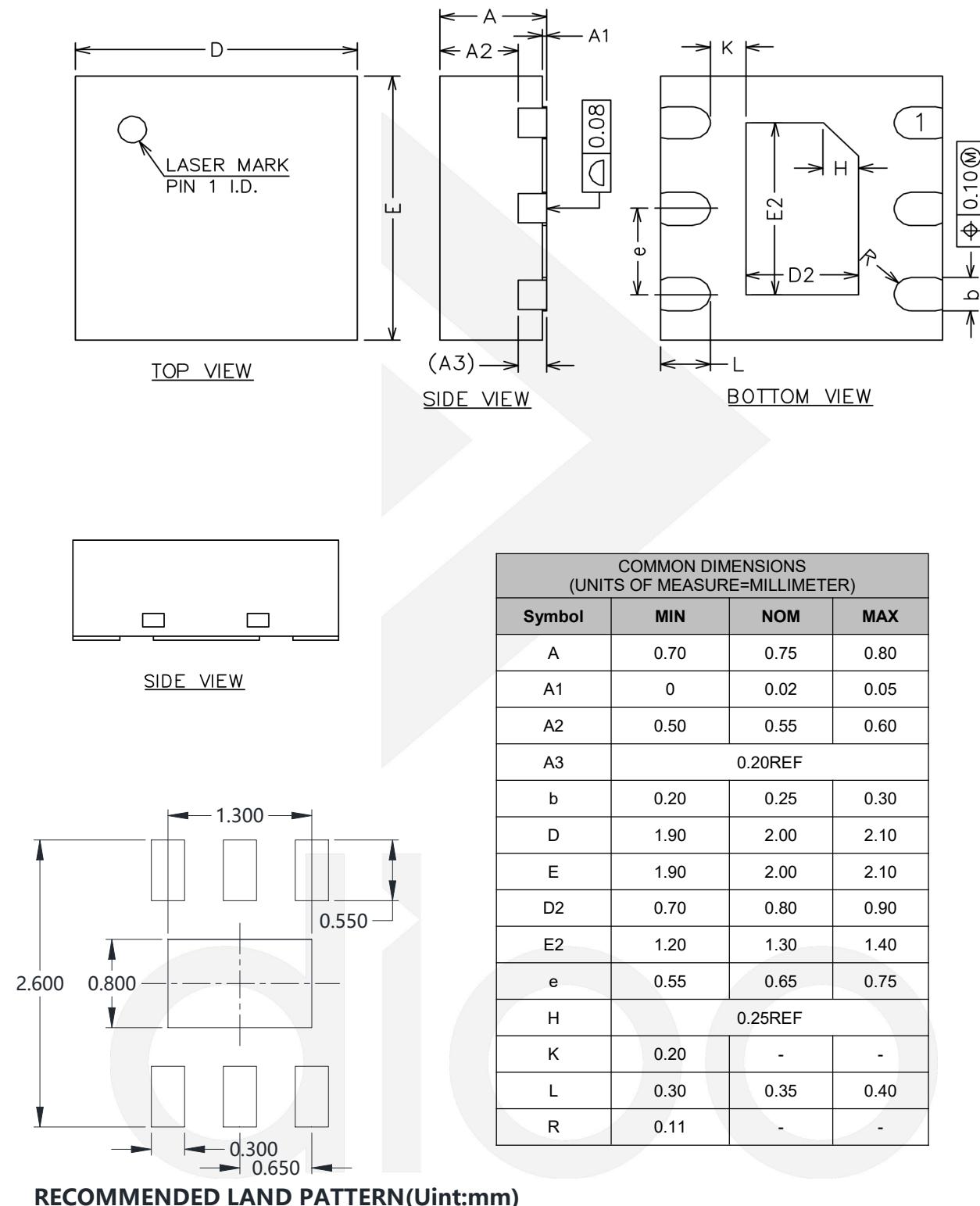
### Burst Mode Operation under Light Load Condition

The boost converter of DIO6095 enters into Burst Mode operation under light load condition. Refer to Boost Controller Operation for details.

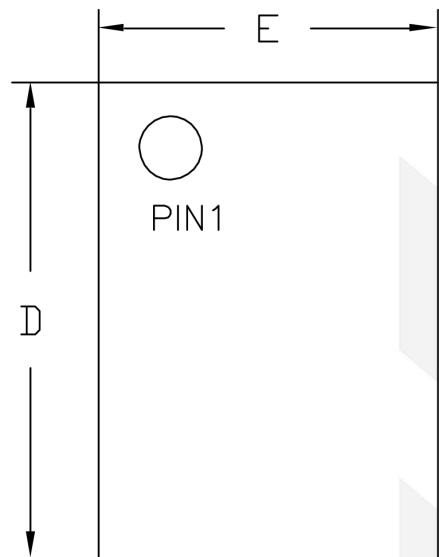
### Down Mode Regulation and Pass-Through Mode Operation

The boost converter of DIO6095 automatically enters into Down Mode or pass-through mode operation when input voltage is higher than the output voltage. Refer to Down Mode Regulation and Pass-Through Operation for details.

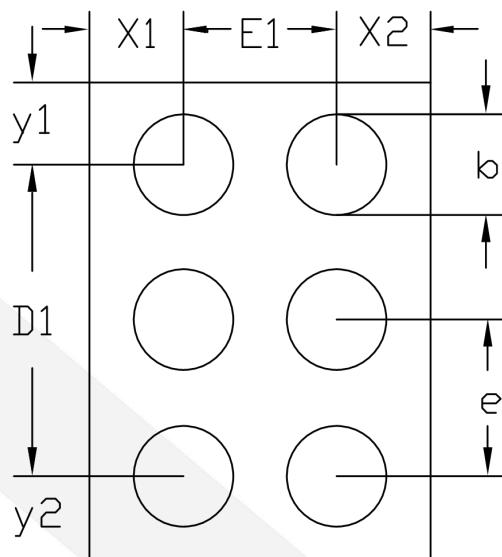
## Physical Dimensions: DFN2\*2-6



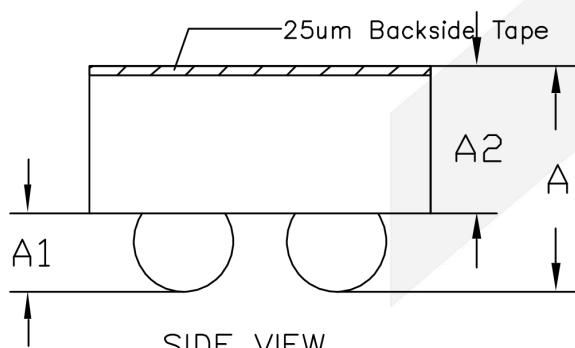
## Physical Dimensions: WLCSP-6



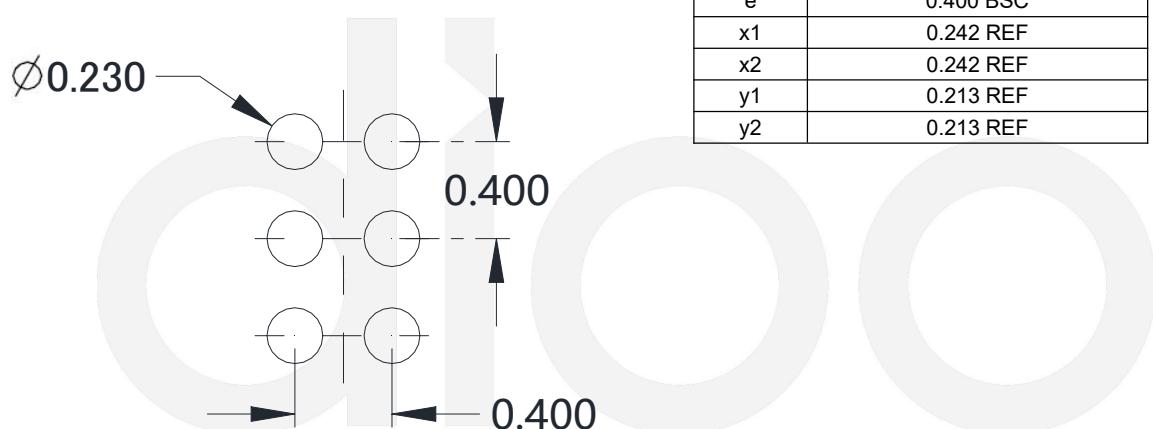
TOP VIEW  
(MARK SIDE)



BOTTOM VIEW  
(BALL SIDE)



SIDE VIEW



**RECOMMENDED LAND PATTERN(Uint:mm)**



## CONTACT US

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